1
a draft order is reverse order of overall 1990 NL finsh with continuous cyclical rounds (i.e. 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)
b use Draft Hammer website - the webmaster charges a $\$ 5$ fee per team to cover this cost
Venmo payment to commissioner
C players from the 1990 AL (minus Minnesota Twins) with 27 man rosters

90 game schedule
two five team divisions (Alpharetta and Lancaster) with assignments the same as 1990 NL the commissioner will publish division standings and statistics weekly see managers tab for division assignment
playoff series to be held between the two division champs best of 7 series, see $D$ below
a world series to be held between this AL champion and the 1990 NL champion best of 7 series, see E below
managers must begin the season with enough starts on their pitching roster to cover the entire season (90) in other words, you need to draft starters with at least 162 starts in MLB
managers must begin the season with enough field player appearances at each position to cover the entire season in other words, you need to draft fielders with at least 162 games at each position in MLB
Free agency period starts after your game 45 is completed and runs until your game 59 is completed
a
b

C
DH will be utilized
Trades can be completed at any time during the season send an email to the group announcing the trade
please include games / innings used info for traded players in your communication

Penalty for overusing any player is forfeiture of all games in excess of allowed number
the player usage spreadsheet is required to be filled out and turned in to the commissioner before starting league play
~ game / inning numbers are rounded up (i.e. 23.3 is rounded to 24 )
$\sim$ it is strongly recommended that a manager update the usage spreadsheet often (i.e. after each series?)
~ split grade pitchers should be listed in both the starter and reliever sections
all position players are limited to actual number of games in real life mulitiplied by .56

## ~ see Mark Grace from 1990

## https://www.baseball-reference.com/

1 click on link above
2 type Mark Grace in search bar
3 scroll down to 1990
Grace appeared in 157 games
Grace can appear in 88 games (157 times .56)
position players cannot be used at a position they are not carded for
Except where multiple injuries occur to the same position leaving a team without a carded player at that position In this case, use any other eligible position player and APBAgo will assign them the lowest defensive rating possible
starters must rest 3 games in between starts
(i.e. a starter cannot pitch in games 20 and 23 of the season, they can pitch in games 20 and 24)
~ pitchers who only carry a starter rating cannot be used in relief
split grade pitchers must rest 3 games in between switching roles from starting to relieving OR relieving to starting
i.e. a pitcher cannot start game 20 and relieve in games 17,18,19 or 21,22 or 23
i.e. a reliever cannot pitch in relief in game 20 and start games 17,18,19 or 21,22 or 23
b. 1 starters do not have an innings limit
~ see Bob Gibson from 1969
https://www.baseball-reference.com/

1 click on link above
2 type Bob Gibson in search bar
3 scroll down to 1969
Gibson appeared in 35 games, all as a starter and pitched 314.0 inning
Gibson can start 20 games (35 times .56) but does not have an innings limit
Note that pitchers with only a starter rating CANNOT be used as a reliever
split grade pitchers (prorata usage as starter with no innings limit AND as prorata usage as reliever with prorata innings limitation)
~ see Al Levine from 2000
https://www.baseball-reference.com/
1 click on link above
2 type Al Levine in search bar
3 scroll down to Pitching Splits 2000
4 scroll down to Pitching Role
Levine pitched in 5 games as a starter and 46 as a reliever (77 Innings)
As a starter, Levine can appear in 3 games (5 times .56) with no starter innigs limit;
AND as a reliever, he can appear in 26 games (46 times .56) AND is ALSO limited to 44 innings (77 times .56)
In other words, split grade starters are subject to single grade starter rules and split grade relievers are subject to reliever rules

## remember to keep track of split grade reliever innings pitched during the season

relief pitchers are limited by the actual number of games appeared in real life
AND are limited by the actual number of innings in real life
~ see Bruce Sutter 1980
https://www.baseball-reference.com/
1 click on link above
2 type Bruce Sutter in search bar
3 scroll down to 1980
Sutter appeared in 60 games as a reliever and pitched 102.1 innings
Sutter is limited to 34 relief appearances (60 times .56) AND he is limited to 58 innings as a reliever ( 102.1 times .56)
In other words, once you reach the either the appearance or innings limit the pitcher is no longer eligible to play
NOTE that a pitcher may have appeared as both a starter and reliever during the year but if APBAgo card has only one rating, he is limited to the stats shown on the card
~ see Don Gullett from 1976 https://www.baseball-reference.com/

1 click on link above
2 type Don Gullett in search bar
3 scroll down to Pitching Role
Gullet pitched in 23 games, 20 as a starter but his APBA card shows 23 games
Gullet can appear in 13 games as a starter (23 times .56) with no starter innigs limit; but cannot appear as a reliever
If you run out of relief pitchers during a game, a position player must be used in relief and he will carry a $\mathrm{D}^{\star}(1)$ rating

1
b
b

C
best of 7 game series between two division champions
2-3-2 format
home team is team with best record
first tiebreaker is head to head record
second tiebreaker is run differential
third tiebreaker is coin flip
after each game is complete, add it to the 1990 Playoff Collection
If teams tie for division championship
first tiebreaker is head to head record
second tiebreaker is run differential
third tiebreaker is coin flip
starting pitching - no innings limitation
4 man rotation must be announced before game one
starters must have at least 10 starts in MLB to qualify
rotation is continuous (i.e. $1,2,3,4,1,2,3$ ) ~ i.e. if you finish one series with your 3rd starter, your \#4 starts the next game

J4 pitcher cannot be included in starting rotation
relief pitching
relievers can pitch up to a maximum of two innings per game for two straight games but then must rest a game

> i.e. a relief pitcher cannot pitch in three straight games
b.
c.
non-rotational split grade pitchers who are not in the playoff series rotation can be used as relievers
these pitchers are subject to the same limitations in 4 a.
position players
J4 players are limited to one start in the series but can enter any game after the 6th inning is complete position players cannot be used at a position they are not carded for
best of 7 game series between NL and AL champions
a 2-3-2 format
home team is team with best record
first tiebreaker is run differential
second tiebreaker is coin flip
starting pitching - no innings limitation
rotation is continuous (i.e. 1,2,3,4,1,2,3) ~ i.e. if you finish one series with your 3rd starter, your \#4 starts the next game starters must have at least 10 starts in MLB to qualify
J4 pitcher cannot be included in starting rotation
relief pitching
a.
relievers can pitch up to a maximum of two innings per game for two straight games but then must rest a game
i.e. a relief pitcher cannot pitch in three straight games
pitchers with starting grade only who are not in world series rotation can be used as relievers
these pitchers are subject to the same limitations in 3 a.
C. non-rotational split grade pitchers who are not in the world series rotation can be used as relievers
these pitchers are subject to the same limitations in 3 a.
position players
J4 players are limited to one start in the series but can enter any game after the 6th inning is complete
position players cannot be used at a position they are not carded for

